

<b>State/Territory Plan 2022 - 2024</b>		
<b>3.2 Family Contribution to Payments</b>		
<b>3.2.1 Provide the CCDF co-payments in the chart below according to family size for one child in care.</b>		
<b>b. If the sliding-fee scale is not statewide (i.e., county-administered states):</b>		
<b>State/Territory</b>	<b>ii. Identify the most populous area of the state (defined as the area serving the highest number of CCDF children) used to complete the chart above.</b>	<b>iii. Describe how many jurisdictions set their own sliding-fee scale (98.16(i)(3)).</b>
Alabama	Scale is statewide.	None; scale is statewide.
Alaska	Anchorage, Alaska	Statewide
American Samoa	<i>Not applicable because American Samoa does not apply a sliding fee scale.</i>	<i>Not applicable because American Samoa does not apply a sliding fee scale.</i>
Arizona	Statewide data.	N/A
Arkansas	Pulaski County Urban Better Beginnings Level 1 Preschool age child 21 days in a month (Copays are 6% of the reimbursement rate for Better Beginnings Level 1, Rate of \$30.00 per day x 21 days x 6% = \$37.80)	NA
California	N/A	N/A
Colorado		
Connecticut		
Delaware	New Castle County	N/A
District of Columbia	N/A	N/A
Florida	Miami-Dade County	The OEL requires all 30 ELCs and RCMA to develop sliding fee scales based on the most current release of the <i>Federal Poverty Guidelines</i> and

		SMI. This information is provided in each ELC's and RCMA's <i>School Readiness (SR) Plan</i> and subject to OEL approval. Most, but not all ELCs allow for a discounted fee for two or more children.
Georgia	Not applicable; copayments do not differ by area of the state.	Not applicable.
Guam	The co-payment structure is applied island-wide.	N/A
Hawaii	N/A	N/A
Idaho	The most populous area of the state is the city of Boise.	Sliding fee scales are shared statewide.
Illinois	Cook County	All areas of the State use the same copayment amounts.
Indiana	Marion County	
Iowa		
Kansas	N/A	N/A
Kentucky	Jefferson County	N/A
Louisiana		
Maine	Androscoggin County	N/A
Maryland	Baltimore County	N/A. Co-payment is set state-wide.
Massachusetts		
Michigan		
Minnesota	The sliding-fee scale is statewide and not based on the most populous area of Minnesota.	None. Sliding fee scale is statewide.
Mississippi		
Missouri	N/A	N/A
Montana	Billings is the largest municipality by population in Montana. However, Montana's Income limit is the same across the state.	N/A

Nebraska	N/A; all income is used the same across the state	N/A; all income is used the same across the state
Nevada	Clark County Infants were used to complete the chart above. Our copays are based on income, county, and age of child.	N/A
New Hampshire		
New Jersey	<u>The sliding fee scale is statewide</u>	N/A
New Mexico	Albuquerque, NM	N/A
New York	New York City	58 local departments of social services
North Carolina	N/A, sliding fee scale is statewide	N/A; sliding fee scale is statewide
North Dakota		
Northern Mariana Islands	Saipan	None.
Ohio	Copayments are not calculated based on residency	NA
Oklahoma		
Oregon	Multnomah County	N/A
Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	N/A
Puerto Rico	San Juan (metropolitan area), Ponce, Mayaguez	N/A
Rhode Island	Sliding fee scale is statewide.	N/A
South Carolina		
South Dakota	Minnehaha County	NA
Tennessee		
Texas	Gulf Coast Workforce Development Area	There are 28 Workforce Development Board Areas.
Utah	Salt Lake County	N/A
Vermont	N/A	N/A
Virgin Islands	This chart was created using the U.S. Virgin Islands State Median Income for the territory-wide population	N/A

	composed of data collected on the islands of St. Thomas, St. Croix, and St. John and released in June 2018.	
Virginia	Fairfax County/Fairfax City/Falls Church City	None. The sliding fee scale is statewide.
Washington		0
West Virginia		
Wisconsin	Milwaukee County	N/A
Wyoming		